In 2017, 9,908 Latinos were newly diagnosed with HIV in the U.S. - that is approximately 27 per day.

In 2017, Latinos represent 18% of the U.S. population but account for 25.6% of all new HIV diagnoses and 21.9% of all new AIDS diagnoses.

1 in 6 Latinos living with HIV are unaware they have it. Latinos who are unaware cannot take advantage of HIV treatment and may unknowingly transmit HIV to others.

53% of Latinos have never been tested for HIV in their lifetime. Unequal access to PrEP, a daily pill to prevent HIV, puts Latinos at higher risk.

Only 49% of Latinos living with HIV have achieved an undetectable viral load; therefore cannot transmit HIV to sexual partners.

About 1 in 4 Latina Trans Women is estimated to be living with HIV.

In 2017, 52% of Latinos diagnosed with HIV who disclosed their place of birth were foreign-born.

Latino men account for 9 out of 10 new HIV cases among Latinos in 2016. Out of these 9, 8 were among Latino MSM.

If current HIV rates persist:

- 1 in 5 Latino MSM may be diagnosed with HIV in their lifetime.
- 1 in 48 Latino men may be diagnosed with HIV in their lifetime.
- 1 in 227 Latina women may be diagnosed with HIV in their lifetime.

78% of all foreign-born were Latino MSM.